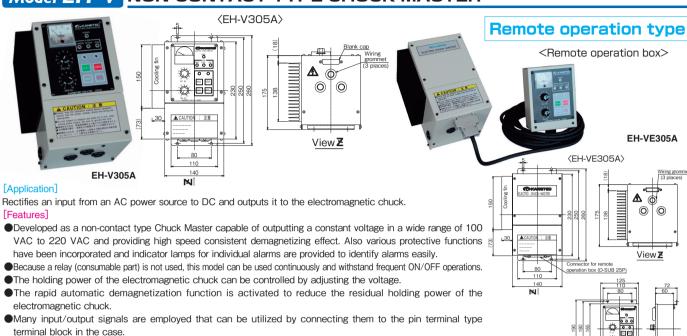
### Need of a chuck controller

Direct current (DC) is required to generate a magnetic force in the electromagnetic chuck. Also when demounting a workpiece after machining, electrical demagnetization is required to reduce the residual holding power. For this purpose, an Electro Chuck Master or a chuck controller consisting of a rectifier and demagnetizer (Chuck Master dedicated to demagnetization and selector switch) is required.

- Rectifier: Rectifies an input from an alternating current (AC) power source to direct current (DC) and supplies it to the electromagnetic chuck.
- Demagnetizer: Once a workpiece has been attracted to the electromagnetic chuck, it cannot be demounted easily due to its residual holding power even when the power is turned off. The demagnetizer is used to attenuate the DC power from the rectifier and eliminate the residual magnetism.

# **NON-CONTACT TYPE CHUCK MASTER\***



box is attached for remote operation. For 10A operation, select model EH-VE210D. [mm(in)] Width Model Power Source Output Height EH-V305A Single phase 100-220 VAC 0-90 VDC 170 (6.69) 260(10.2) 5A (50/60Hz) 4kg/ 8.8 lb(main unit) + 1kg/ 2.2 lb(operation box)

■Model EH-VE is a derived type of Model EH-V305A (operation unit incorporated) to which a remote operation

EH-VE210D Single phase 200 VAC (50 / 60Hz) 0—90 VDC 10A 282 (11.1) 290 (11.4) 6kg/ 13 lb (main unit) + 1kg/ \*Switch selection (Prior to use, be sure to check the position of the switch.) If the magnetic force needs not be adjusted, select Model ES-M

(Dimensions of remote operation box)

210

(D)

100

# Model ES-M ELECTRO CHUCK MASTER\*

ES-M305B

### [Application]

Rectifies an input from an AC power source to DC and outputs it to the electromagnetic chuck. To eliminate the residual holding power of the electromagnetic chuck, the rapid automatic demagnetization function is activated.

### [Features]

- An interlock circuit is incorporated.
- Demagnetization is completed quickly by simply pressing the switch. The program has been designed to give a consistent demagnetizing effect within a short time.
- Model ES-M305B can be used on both input voltages of 100 VAC and 200 VAC.
- The noise resistance feature ensures consistent performance in certain noisy environment.
- The DC output voltage is constant.
- ●The fundamental functions required to control electromagnetic chucks are incorporated neatly.

Precaution for use Model ES-M103B is a low-cost, readily available type and therefore lacks some functions described above.

[mm(in)] Mounting Hole Pitch Mass Model Power Source Mounting Hole Height Depth Single-phase 100 VAC / 50/60 Hz 2.3kg/ 5. 90 VDC 145(5.70) 210(8.26) 100 (3.93) 150 (5.90)  $4 - \phi 4.5 (\phi 0.17)$ 2.5kg/ 5.5 ES-M305B Single-phase 100/200 VAC 50/60Hz\*

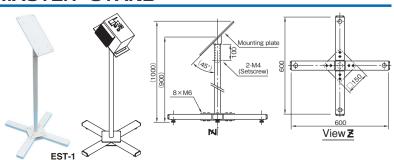
\*1...Switch selection \*If the magnetic force needs to be adjusted, select Model EH.

### Model EST-**ELECTRO CHUCK MASTER\* STAND**

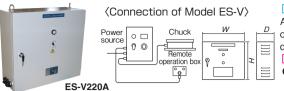
A stand type mounting base that can be used for any types of small Chuck Masters such as ES-M305B and EH-V305A.

- Self-standing and easy installation.
- ●The mounting plate at the top rotates 360 degrees to enable adjustment after installation.
- A rectifier can also be mounted

			[11111 (111)]
Model	Dimensions	Mass	Applicable Models
EST-1	600×600×(1000) (23.6)×(23.6)×(39.4)	9.5kg/21 lb	EH-V305A、ES-M305B/M103B EPS-215B、RH-M102C



# Model ES-V ELECTRO CHUCK MASTER\*



### [Application]

An input from an AC power source is rectified to DC, which is output to electromagnetic chucks. The output voltage can be varied to control the holding power of electromagnetic chucks. The automatic demagnetization function is activated to reduce the residual magnetism of the electromagnetic chucks. [Features]

- Suitable for large sized electromagnetic chucks and connecting type electromagnetic chucks that require a relatively large electric capacity.
- The low voltage range for variable output is very stable.

	Madal	Power Source	Outp	ut		Dimensions		Mountin	g Hole Pitch	Mountig	Mass		Remote Op	eration Box	
Model		Power Source	Voltage	Current	Width	Height	Depth	Width	Height	Hole	Hole	Width	Height	Depth	Cord
	ES-V220A	Single-phase	0-90 VDC	20A	600 (23.6)	550 (21.6)	250	400	596(23.4)	4-φ10	60kg/133 lb	100	155	70	5m(106.9)
	ES-V230A	200 VAC,50/60Hz	0—90 VDC	30A	650 (25.5)	600 (23.6)	(9.84)	(15.7)	646 (25.4)	(φ0.39)	80kg/177 lb	(3.93)	(6.10)	(2.75)	5m(196.8)

# Model KR RECTIFIER FOR ELECTROMAGNETIC CHUCK



### Model KR-N

### [Application]

These rectifiers rectify an input from an AC power source to direct current and output it to electromagnetic chucks via a demagnetizer. They can also be used as a source to supply DC to electromagnetic holders.

### [Features]

- ●The very compact size (volume reduced by 50% from our conventional models) saves installation space and can be installed in a control panel, too.
- Since this is connected to a magnet on the backside, connection time can be reduced substantially.
- ●External control terminals are provided as standard features for automatic operation by means of external contacts, etc.
- Power cable (2 m) and plug included.

## Model KR-T

### [Application]

These rectifiers rectify an input from an AC power source to direct current and output it to electromagnetic chucks via a demagnetizer. The output voltage can be varied to control the holding power of electromagnetic chucks.

### [Features]

- ●Both 100 VAC and 200 VAC can be used.
- An output voltmeter is provided.
- The output can be varied in a wide range to provide a wide range of adjustment of the holding power.
- Power cable (2 m) included.

[mm(in)]

Model	Power Source	Output			Mass			
IVIOGEI	Power Source	Voltage	Current	Width	Height	Depth	IVIASS	
KR-N101A	Single-phase 100 VAC,50/60Hz	90 VDC	1A	100 (3.93)	77 (3.03)	106 (4.17)	1.0kg/2.2 lb	
KR-N103A	Single-phase 100 VAC,50/60Hz	90 VDC	ЗА	100 (3.93)	77 (3.03)			
KR-T203A	Single-phase 100/200 VAC,50/60Hz	10—120 VDC	3A	280 (11.0)	140 (5.51)	184 (7.24)	8.5kg/ 18 lb	
KR-T205		0-120 VDC	5A	400 (15.7)	170 (6.69)	290 (11.4)	14.0kg/ 31 lb	

\*The output voltage of Model KR-T is stable when above 30 V.

### **CHUCK MASTER\* DEDICATED TO DEMAGNETIZATION** Model ESR



### [Application]

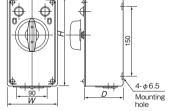
Model ESR-N102 rectifies an input from an AC power source to DC and outputs it to electromagnetic chucks. For demagnetization, the attenuating alternating output is operated manually. A rectifier is built in

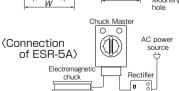
Model ESR-5A relays DC output to electromagnetic chucks and for demagnetization, the attenuating alternating output is operated manually. A rectifier needs to be installed in the preceding stage.

### [Features]

- ■Turning the dial repeats reversal of the circuit and changing over of resistance values for easy demagnetization.
- Thanks to the manual type, this can be applied to diversified workpieces by simply turning the dial.

									[mm (in)]
Model	Electrical I	Dimensions			Mounting Hole Pitch		Mounting	Mass	
Model	Input	Output	Width	Height	Depth	Width	Height	Hole	IVIASS
ESR-N102	100 VAC,50/60Hz	90 VDC-2A	110(4.33)	205 (8.07)	85 (3.34)	90	150	4-φ6.5	1.8kg/3.9 lb
ESR-5A	Max. 120 VDC-4A	Max. 120 VDC-4A	110(4.33)	190(7.48)	84 (3.30)	(3.54)	(5.90)	(φ0.25)	1.7kg/3.7 lb





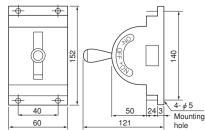
# Model S-2A SELECTOR SWITCH FOR DEMAGNETIZATION

### [Application]

A switch to relay DC output from the rectifier to electromagnetic chucks and is operated manually to select the output for demagnetization.

■Easy installation and light weight. Simple and robust construction. (Wiring of select

tor	switc	h> 			0	
	Electron	nagnetic chuck		ector itch	Model K rectifier	
5		Mounting Ho	le Pitch	N 4 1'-	1 1 - 1 -	



Model Height Width Width Voltage Current S-2A Max. 120 VDC  $| 60(2.36) | 121(4.76) | 152(5.98) | 40(1.57) | 140(5.51) | 4-\phi 5(\phi 0.19) | 0.4kg/0.8 | b$ 

ELECTROMAGNETIC CHUCKS CHUCK CONTROLLERS

PERMANENT

ELECTROMAGNETIC CHUCKS

MAGNETIC CHUCKS

BLOCKS FOR MC

VACUUM

PROMELTA\* SYSTEM

SINE BAR CHUCKS

MAGNETIC TOOLS

18

# **Selection Guide**

## Selecting an Electro Chuck Master

KANETEC's Electro Chuck Master consists of a rectifier and electronically controlled demagnetization circuit. Residual magnetism varies largely depending on workpieces (material, shape, mass, etc.). It is therefore necessary to set the demagnetizing time (few seconds to over ten seconds) suitable for particular workpieces. The most effective demagnetizing patterns for each set time have been programmed in the computer to start automatic demagnetization by button operation. After studying whether the output required for magnetization may be constant or must be variable, select a model suitable for the rating of the electromagnetic chuck.

## Selecting a rectifier

① Select a suitable rectifier for installation in combination with a separate demagnetizer. (Connection diagram 2) Be sure to observe the following conditions: Voltage of electromagnetic chuck ≥ output voltage of rectifier

Current of electromagnetic chuck < output current of rectifier <Example> Electromagnetic chuck 90 VDC, 0.8 A

> Output of rectifier 90 VDC. 1 A

2 When selecting a Chuck Master or rectifier dedicated to demagnetization having an output voltage exceeding the rated voltage (90 V) of the electromagnetic chuck, special attention must be paid to the selection of the current capacity.

(Example) Electromagnetic chuck 90 VDC, 4.5 A

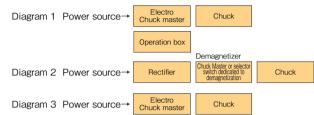
Rectifier output 0 to 120 V

With the above combination, the maximum current of the rectifier is:

4.5A× 120V =6A, thus a rectifier having output capacity 5A cannot be used.

3 Other considerations should include fluctuation of the voltage in the operation area. Select an output capacity with sufficient allowance.

## Connection diagram



## Selecting a demagnetizer

The use of a demagnetizer requires a rectifier. Select a rectifier, referring to "Selecting a rectifier."

The demagnetizer cannot be used together with the Electro Chuck

The manual demagnetization types, Model S-2A and ESR-5A, cannot be connected to equipment other than a rectifier.

# Selection based on electric capacity <Model selection>

Name	Model	Power Source	DC Out	put	Demag.	Rectifier	Demagnetizer	Chuck	Rating	Connection
ivame	iviodei	Power Source	Voltage	Current	Control	Rectiller	Demagnetizer	Voltage	Max. Current*	Diagram
	EH-V305A	Single-phase 100 VAC-220 VAC		5A					4.5A	3
	EH-VE305A	50/60 Hz		) JA					4.5A	
	EH-VE210D		0-90 VDC	10A	Auto	Not required			9.0A	
Electro Chuck Master	ES-V220A	Single-phase 200 VAC 50/60 Hz		20A			Not required	90 VDC	18.0A	'
	ES-V230A			30A					27.0A	
	ES-M103B	Single-phase 100 VAC 50/60 Hz	90 VDC	ЗА					2.7A	2
	ES-M305B	Single-phase 100/200 VAC 50/60 Hz		5A					4.5A	
Chuck Master dedicated to	ESR-N102	Single-phase 100 VAC 50/60 Hz		2A					1.8A	
demagnetization	ESR-5A	Max. 120 VDC 50/60 Hz		4A		KR-N,KR-T			3.2A	
Selector switch	S-2A	Max. 120 VDC 50/60 Hz	Max.120 VDC	2A					1.6A	
	KR-N101A	Single-phase 100 VAC 50/60 Hz	00 1/00	1A			S-2A		0.9A	
Rectifier	KR-N103A	Single-phase 100 VAC 50/60 Hz	90 VDC	3A		_	ESR-5A		2.7A	
	KR-T203A	Single-phase 100/200 VAC	10-120 VDC						2.4A	
	KR-T205	50/60 Hz	0-120 VDC	5A					4.0A	

\*\*The max. current of the applicable chuck must be the Chuck Master's rated current × 0.9 or less. However, for the output voltage 120V, the max. current must be rated current × 0.8 or less.

### Selection based on function <Model selection>

Name	Model	Fun	ction	DC C	Output	Demag.	. Control	Chuck Rated
Name	Model	Rectifier circuit	Demag. circuit	Variable	Invariable	Auto	Manual	Current
	ES-V	0	0	0		0		<dc27.0a< th=""></dc27.0a<>
Electro Chuck Master	ES-M	0	0	_	0	0		<dc 4.5a<="" th=""></dc>
	EH-V,VE	0	0	0	_	0		<dc 9a<="" th=""></dc>
Chuck Master dedicated to	ESR-N102	0	0	_	0	_	0	<dc 1.8a<="" th=""></dc>
demagnetization	ESR-5A	_	0	_	_	_	0	<dc 3.2a<="" th=""></dc>
Rectifier	KR-N	0		_	0	_		<dc 2.7a<="" th=""></dc>
	KR-T	0		0	_	_		<dc 4.0a<="" th=""></dc>
Selector switch	S-2A		0				0	<dc 1.6a<="" th=""></dc>

# Trouble?

If your electromagnetic chuck failed, refer to this page. Symptoms, possible causes and corrective actions of two typical Chuck Masters are presented here. Please follow these instructions prior to asking for repair or purchasing parts.





# **○Residual holding power is large.**

Turn the demagnetization adjust variable resistor to a point where the maximum demagnetization effect can be obtained.

### ○Holding power is weak.

- Set the excitation voltage adjust variable resistor at the maximum.
- If the holding power is still weak, the magnet being used may not be adequate for the shape, material or holding direction of workpieces.

\*Note: Since ES-M Series outputs a constant excitation voltage, it does not have the excitation voltage adjust variable resistor.

# If the Chuck Master does not function properly, check it referring to the following table.

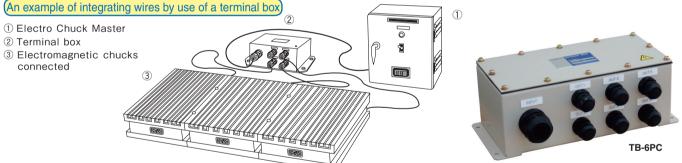
Symptom	chuck does not			ization is not	Alarm indicator lamp lights up.	Check and Corrective Action
Power is not being supplied.	•	•				Check the power source.
Fuse has blown.	•	•				Remove the fuse from the fuse holder and replace it with a new one.
Power source is exceeding the rated voltage.			•		•	Check the power source voltage and use the power source at the rated voltage.
Output voltage adjust variable resistor has been turned CCW fully.	•	•				Adjust the output voltage again.
Wiring to electromagnetic chuck has been broken or shorted.	•		•	•	•	If measurement of resistance of electromagnetic chuck is $\infty$ $\Omega$ , wiring broken. If $0$ $\Omega$ , wiring shorted.
Insulation of electromagnetic chuck and its wiring is poor (ground)	•		•	•	•	Disconnect the cord from the output terminal of Chuck Master and measure insulation resistance of electromagnetic chuck. OK when it is above $5~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ . If less than $5~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ , check wiring, If insulation of electromagnetic chuck is poor, please request for repair.

LO MODOD/ 100D				
Symptom	Electromagnetic chuck does not hold workpiece.	Fuse blows.	Demagnet- ization is not performed.	Check and Corrective Action
Power is not being supplied.	•			Check the power source.
Fuse has blown.	•			Remove the fuse from the fuse holder and replace it with a new one.
Power source is exceeding the rated voltage.		•		Check the power source voltage and use the power source at the rated voltage.
Wiring between Chuck Master and electromagnetic chuck is defective or electromagnetic chuck is faulty.	•	•	•	Disconnect the cord from the output terminal of Chuck Master and measure insulation resistance of electromagnetic chuck. OK when it is above $5~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ . If less than $5~\mathrm{M}\Omega$ , check wiring. If insulation of electromagnetic chuck is poor, please request for repair.

\*Note: • Prior to checking/investigating causes, be sure to turn off the power and disconnect the power cable from the Chuck Master.

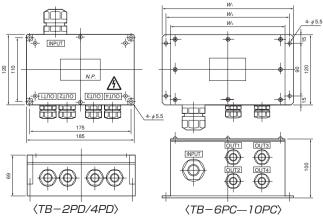
- ·Measure the insulation resistance of the electromagnetic chuck with an insulation resistance tester. Be sure it is above 5 M at a test voltage of 500 VDC.
- ·If the electromagnetic chuck failed, place an appropriate warning (such as attaching a tag of "Out of Order. Use Prohibited."). If the cause cannot be identified, please contact the manufacturer.

### Model TB **TERMINAL BOX**



## [Application]

When several electromagnetic chucks are connected and are to be controlled together by one unit of the Chuck Master, a terminal box is required that integrates wires from the chucks. Terminal boxes for 2 circuits up to 10 circuits are available.



N.P. (2.100) (2.100) (4.45.5)	
185	
-2PD/4PD> OUT" in the above figures varie	⟨TB−6PC—10PC⟩ s according to the number of branches.

"The number of "OLIT" in the		

### [mm (in) ] Dimensions No of Model Input Capacity Outputs $W_1$ $W_2$ Wз TB- 2PD (See left-side figure) TB- 4PD TB- 6PC 266(10.4) 250 (9.84) 30A 6 280 (11.0) TB- 8PC 300(11.8) 330 (12.9) 316(12.4) TB-10PC 10 380 (14.9) 350(137) 366 (14.4)

